2104529 Computational Methods in Industrial Engineering

Workshop 5: Advance Data Exploration and Classification

Question 1

Consider iris dataset, develop non-tree based methods (a.k.a non-rule based) to classify data and discuss its limitation.

- (a) stratify 10 data points of each Species using set.seed(17).
- (b) develop knn model and show that it is related to Voronoi diagram
- (c) develop ann model and show that it is related to linear regression
- (d) develop sym model and explain tuning parameters

Question 2

Consider iris dataset (again), develop tree based methods to classify data and discuss its limitation.

- (a) develop decision tree model with rpart::rpart() and explain Complexity Parameter (cp)
- (b) develop decision tree model with party::ctree() and explain the difference from the previous model
- (c) develop random forest model with randomForest::randomForest() and explain tuning parameters

Question 3

Consider dataset 'MASS::Cars93' package and answer the following questions

- (a) Find and remove data that are not avaiable ('NA')
- (b) Does 'non-USA' cars and 'USA' cars of the same 'Type' difference from each other, in terms of MPG, Price, Engine Size, Dimension? If so, how?
- (c) Does 'Origin' and 'Type' of vehicle affect MPG in the city and in the highway?
- (d) Is these any variation between 'Origin' and 'Type of vehicle'?
- (e)

Question 4

Consider an example of tax cheating profiling (similar to lecture), illustrate how decision tree and information gain works.

- (a) develop decision tree model with party::ctree()
- (b) use concept of information gain with funModel::information_gain()

Question 5

A distribute center has stored a fast-moving consumer good (FMCG) and operated by its logistics service provider. It recently found that the recommendation of TiHi (Tire-Height) of one product group is incorrect as the DC allows a slightly more overhang on the pallet. As a result, its experimented with the number of cartons stacking on a pallet. Based on the sales data, current TiHi of item, and the experimental data, explore and classify numbers of layer per pallet and number of carton per layer.